Notes for Sociology – 2010-02-17

- I. Chapter 5
- A. Family Problems
- II. Families in Global Context
 - A. Family is cultural universal
 - 1. Diverse forms
 - a. Monogamy
 - b. Polygamy
 - i. Polygyny
 - ii. Polyandry
- B. Social/cultural context
 - 1. Family values/roles/norms highly variable
 - a. Western societies; father
 - b. Some African societies, mother's brother
- III. Introduction
 - A. Some family problems rooted in social structure
 - 1. Long work hours
 - 2. Dual working households
 - 3. Child care
 - 4. "Second Shift"
 - 5. "Mommy track"
- IV. Introduction
 - A. Families influenced by cultural factors
 - 1. Individualism = individual happiness
 - 2. Familism = collective happiness
 - B. American families' major problems
 - 1. Finances
 - 2. Domestic violence

- 3. Child/elder abuse
- 4. Divorce
- 5. Unmarried childbirth
- 6. Teen parenthood

V. Increase in:

- A. Single person households
- B. Cohabitation
- C. Median age of marriage
- D. Never married
- E. Children living in un-legalized families lack some protection
- VI. Sociological Theories of Family
 - A. Structural functionalist
 - 1. Family functions necessary for survival of society
 - a. Reproduction
 - b. Socialization
 - c. Education of youth
 - d. Emotional and physical care of members
 - 2. Changes in society at large contributes to family problems

VII. Sociological Theories of Family

A. Social Conflict

- 1. Wealth/power influence marriage and families
- 2. Patriarchy refers to male dominated families
 - a. Wife takes husband's name, residence defined by husband's work, standard of living dictated by male income
 - b. Unequal power contributes to spousal/child abuse
 - c. Unequal distribution of wealth fosters economic dependence of women
- 3. Lower Socioeconomic Status
 - a. High rate of teenage and single mother parenting in African American population
- VIII. Sociological Theories of Family

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A. Social Conflict

- 1. Social policies determined by powerful and wealthy segments of society
 - a. Corporations fought Family and Medical Leave Act
 - b. Corporate interests undermine family life

IX. Sociological Theories of Family

- A. Symbolic Interaction
 - 1. Behavior → meanings and definitions of small group interaction
 - a. Definition of divorce less negative \rightarrow divorce increased
 - b. Negative definitions of alternative families changed → alternative family styles more common
- X. Violence and Abuse in the Family
 - A. Elder Abuse Ageism
 - 1. Physical abuse
 - 2. Psychological abuse
 - 3. Financial abuse
 - 4. Sexual abuse
 - 5. Neglect
 - 6. Most elderly abuse committed by adult children, fillowed by spouses, nursing home staff
- XI. End of file.