

- (1) In Conclusion - Social Movements of the 21st Century
 - (1.1) National Problems
 - (1.1.1) The Economy
 - (1.1.2) Jobs
 - (1.1.3) Poor public schools
 - (1.1.4) Illegal immigration
 - (1.1.5) Crime
 - (1.1.6) Size of government
 - (1.1.7) Race relations
 - (1.1.8) Cost of political campaigns
 - (1.1.9) Health care costs/Social security
 - (1.2) Social movements will continue
- (2) Social Change - the transformations of culture and social institutions over time
 - (2.1) Four characteristics
 - (2.1.1) It is inevitable
 - (2.1.2) Sometimes intentional, often unplanned
 - (2.1.3) Controversial
 - (2.1.4) Some matters more than others
- (3) Modernity - Social Patterns Resulting From Industrialization
 - (3.1) peter Burger - 4 characteristics of Modernization
 - (3.1.1) Decline of small, traditional towns
 - (3.1.1.1) High-tech communications
 - (3.1.2) Expansion of personal choice
 - (3.1.2.1) Options referred to as "individualization"
 - (3.1.3) Increasing diversity in beliefs
 - (3.1.3.1) Wider choice of beliefs
 - (3.1.4) Future orientation/awareness of time
 - (3.1.4.1) Industrialized nations - focus on the future
- (4) Amitai Etzioni - The Communitarianism Movement
 - (4.1) Halt culture of "rights"
 - (4.1.1) Individual interests over interests of community is wrong
 - (4.1.2) The Constitution does not allow us to do whatever we want
 - (4.2) Rights involve responsibilities
 - (4.2.1) Cannot keep talking - without giving
 - (4.3) Some responsibilities - no one is free to ignore
 - (4.3.1) Upholding the law / protecting the environment
 - (4.4) Community rights may require limiting individual rights
 - (4.4.1) protecting the public interest may require drug testing.
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